

plains garter snake

Thamnophis radix

Kingdom: Animalia

Division/Phylum: Chordata - vertebrates

Class: Reptilia
Order: Squamata
Family: Colubridae

FEATURES

The plains garter snake averages 15 to 28 inches in length. The name "garter snake" comes from the striped appearance of the body, similar to that of the garters that were once commonly used to support men's socks. Three longitudinal stripes are found on the body with black spots between the stripes and below each side stripe. The stripe in the center of the back is yellow or orange while those on the sides are yellow-gray. The lips have black bars, and the gray-green belly has two rows of black spots. The back is brown or green. The scales are keeled (ridged).

BEHAVIORS

The plains garter snake lives in river valleys, prairie ponds, sloughs, meadows and pastures. It was once common in vacant lots in cities. Active in the day, this snake may be seen basking in the sun. It takes shelter under objects on the ground. It is believed to overwinter in abandoned rodent burrows. When alarmed, the plains garter snake may flatten its body and release fecal matter and an unpleasant musk from glands at the base of the tail. Mating occurs in the spring. The female gives birth to from

10 to 30 young in late summer, the number depending on her size and age. The plains garter snake eats frogs, toads, salamanders, fishes, tadpoles, earthworms, leeches, small mammals and birds.

HABITATS

bottomland forestslakes, ponds & reservoirs	rivers & streams swamps
Lake Michigan	temp water supplied
marshes	wet prairies & fens
peatlands	
ILLINOIS STATUS	
common	ared https://www.

ILLINOIS RANGE

northern 1/2

native

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 1999. *Biodiversity of Illinois, Volume I: Aquatic Habitats* CD-ROM.

exotic